

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients ASTRAL-5

Wyles D, et al. Clin Infect Dis. 2017 March 29. [Epub ahead of print]

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

## ASTRAL-5: Study Features

### ASTRAL-5 Trial

- **Design:** Single-arm, open-label, multicenter, phase 3 trial of sofosbuvir-velpatasvir in HIV-HCV coinfecting treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced patients with genotypes 1-6 HCV
- **Setting:** Multiple sites in US
- **Entry Criteria**
  - Chronic HCV GT 1-6
  - Age  $\geq 18$  years
  - HIV coinfection and on stable ART for  $\geq 8$  weeks
  - CD4 count  $\geq 100$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup> and HIV RNA  $\leq 50$  copies/mL
  - On stable ART for  $\geq 8$  weeks
  - Prior treatment failure allowed (but no prior NS5A or NS5B)
  - Patients with compensated cirrhosis allowed
- **Primary End-Point:** SVR12

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients ASTRAL-5: Study Design

Week

0

12

24

HIV-HCV Coinfected  
Treatment-naïve &  
experienced  
GT 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6

n = 106

**Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir**

SVR12

**Drug Dosing:** Sofosbuvir-velpatasvir (400/100 mg): fixed-dose combination; one pill once daily

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

## ASTRAL-5: Participants

Baseline Characteristic	Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir (N=106)
Age, mean, years (range)	54 (25-72)
Male, n (%)	91 (86)
Black race, n (%)	48 (45)
HCV genotype, n (%)	
1a	66 (62)
1b	12 (11)
2	11 (10)
3	12 (11)
4	5 (5)
IL28B non-CC, n (%)	82 (77)
Mean HCV RNA, log <sub>10</sub> IU/ml (range)	6.3 (5.0-7.4)
Cirrhosis, n (%)	19 (18)
Treatment experienced, n (%)	31 (29)

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

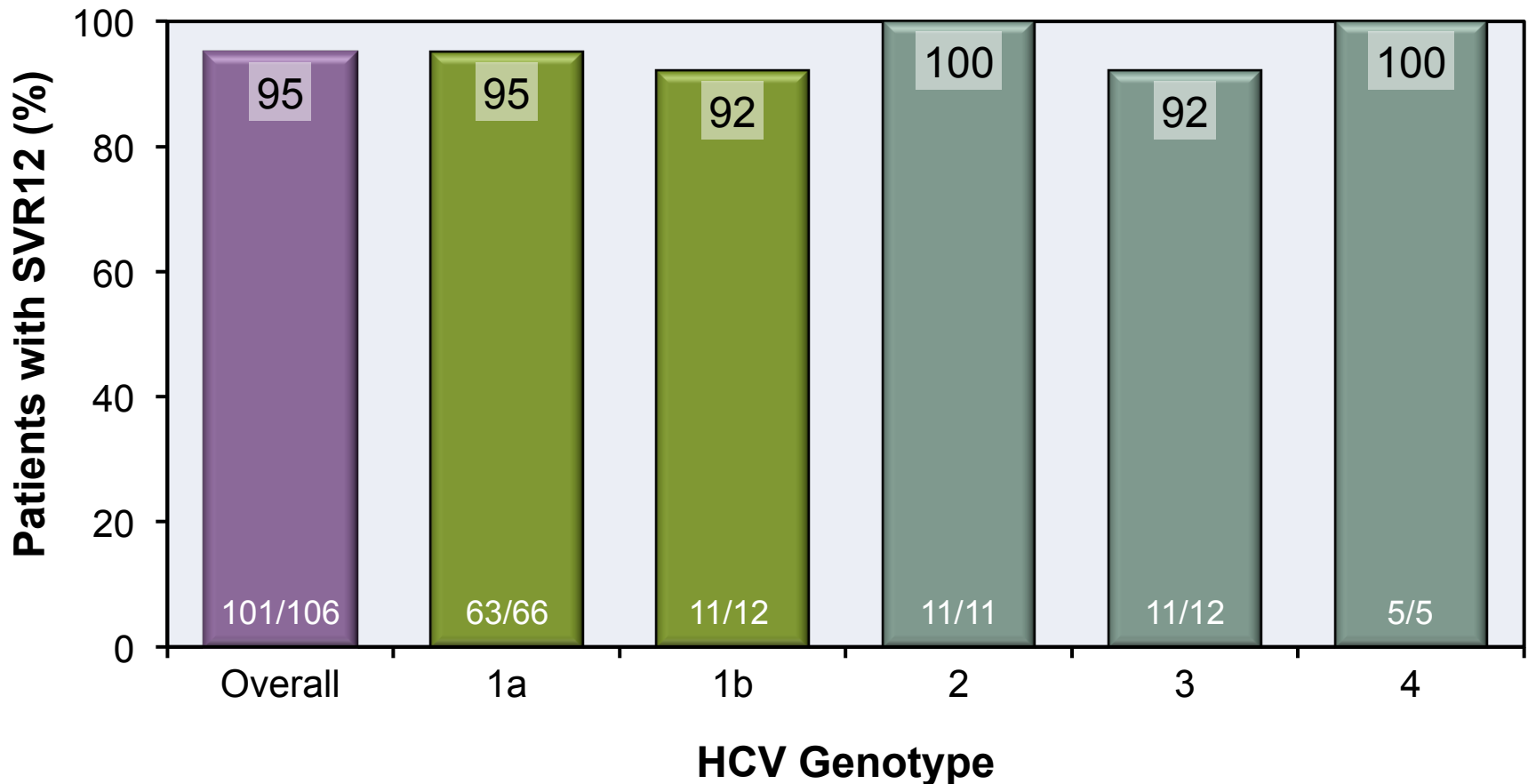
## ASTRAL-5: Participants

HIV Baseline Characteristics	Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir (N=106)
Mean CD4 cell count, (range)	598 (183-1513)
Nucleos(t)ide pair	
TDF with boosted agent (RTV or Cobi)	56 (53)
TDF without boosted agent	35 (33)
Abacavir-lamivudine	15 (14)
Other antiretroviral agent(s)	
PI (DRV, LPV or ATV)	50 (47)
NNRTI (RPV)	13 (12)
Integrase inhibitor (RAL or EVG)	36 (34)
Other (>1 of above classes)	7 (7)

Abbreviations: TDF = Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate; RTV = ritonavir; Cobi = cobicistat; PI = HIV protease inhibitor; DRV = darunavir; LPV = lopinavir; ATV = atazanavir; PRV = rilpivirine; RAL = raltegravir; EVG = elvitegravir

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients ASTRAL-5: Results

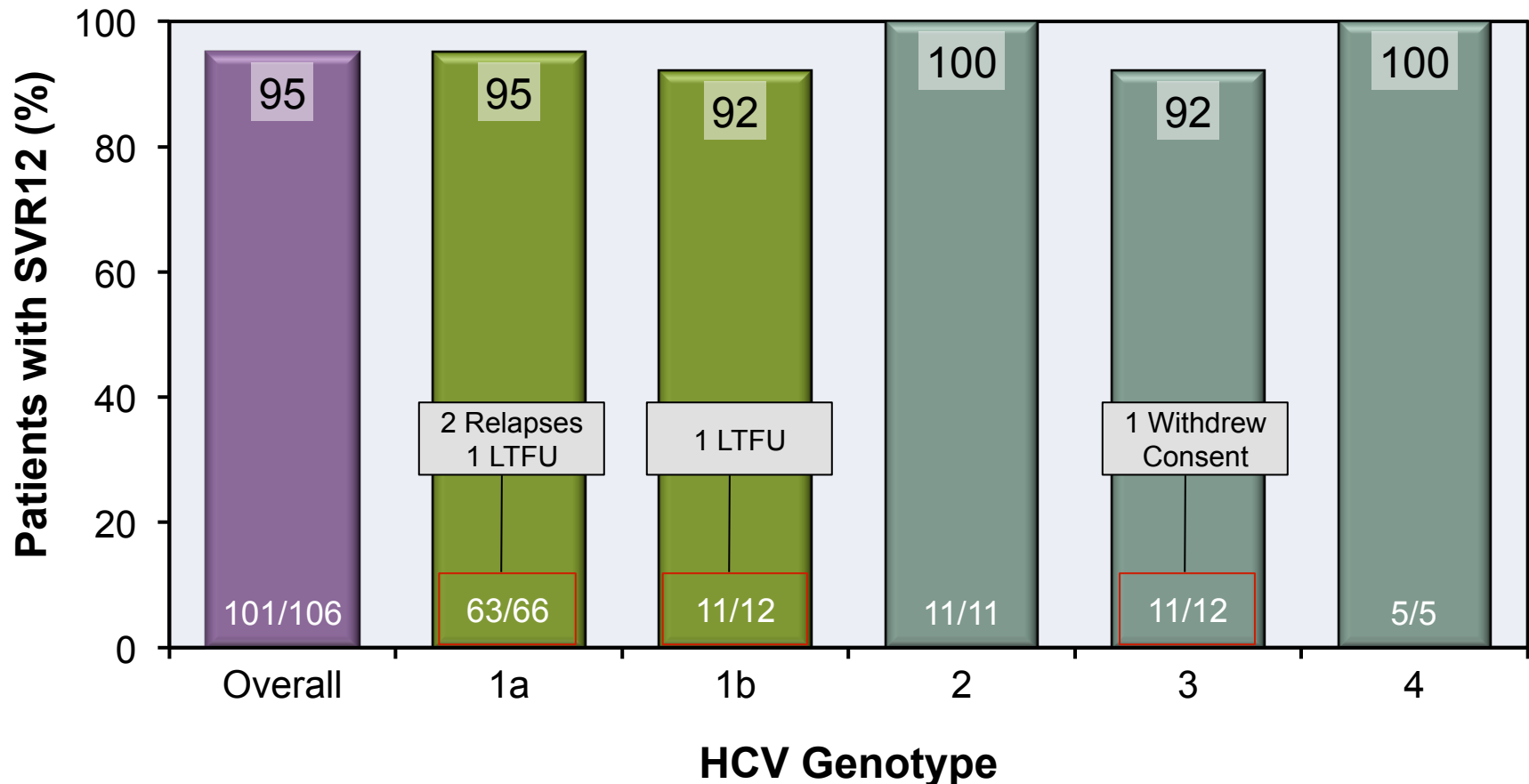
## ASTRAL-5: SVR12 Results by Genotype



# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

## ASTRAL-5: Results

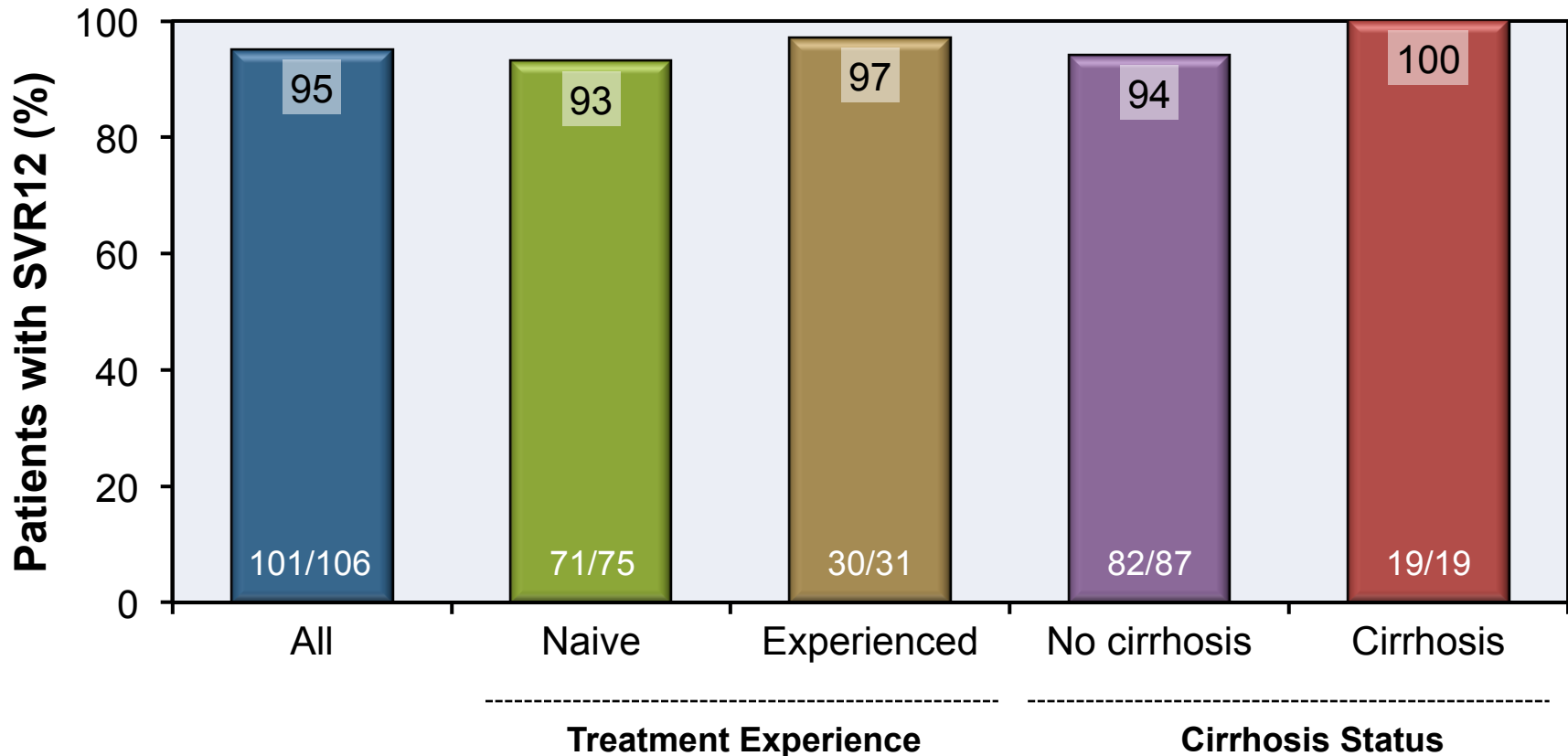
### ASTRAL-5: SVR12 Results by Genotype



# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

## ASTRAL-5: Results

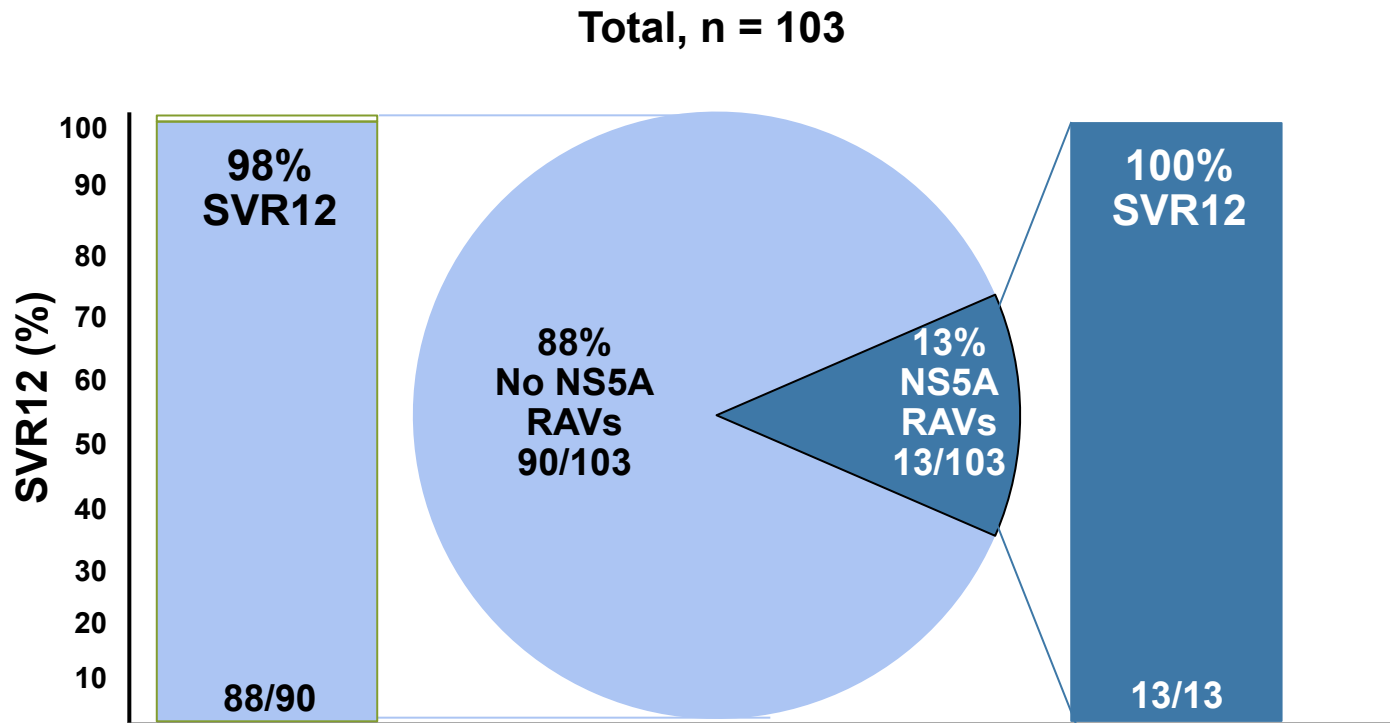
ASTRAL-5: SVR12 Results by Cirrhosis & Treatment Experience





# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients ASTRAL-5: Resistance

## Baseline NS5A Resistance-Associated Variants and SVR12



# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients

## ASTRAL-5: Adverse Events

Adverse Event (AE), n (%)	Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir (N=106)
Discontinuation due to AE	2 (2)
Serious AEs	2 (2)
Deaths	0
Any AE in >5% of patients	
Fatigue	26 (25)
Headache	14 (13)
Arthralgia	9 (8)
Upper respiratory tract infection	9 (8)
Diarrhea	9 (8)
Insomnia	7 (7)
Nausea	7 (7)

The majority of AEs were mild in severity (grade 1 or 2).  
No patient with confirmed on-treatment HIV virologic breakthrough.

# Sofosbuvir-Velpatasvir in HIV-HCV Coinfected Patients ASTRAL-5: Conclusions

**Conclusions:** “Sofosbuvir-velpatasvir for 12 weeks was safe and provided high rates of SVR12 in patients coinfecting with HCV and HIV-1.”